

## "Fishing for Litter" in Germany

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BirdLife Europe & Central Asia

Stop Litter now! Summit 2016

### Together we are BirdLife International

Bahrain

Belarus

Belgium

Belgium

Kingdom

Belize

Bolivia

Botswana

Brazil

Bulgaria

birdlife

Australia

Andorra

Argentina

Armenia

BirdLife

Austria

Azerbaijan

Bahamas



The global Partnership for nature and people

## **BirdLife International**

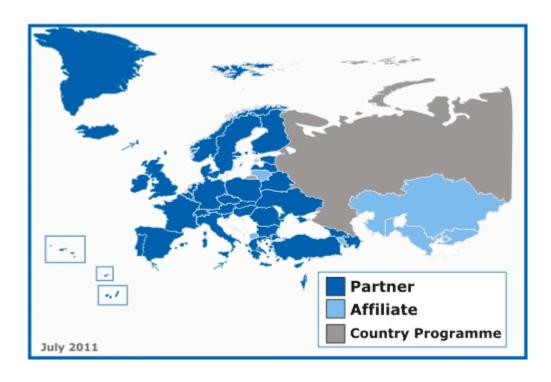
- We are the world's largest nature conservationPartnership
- 120 Partners worldwide1 per country
- 13 million members& supporters





# **European and Central Asian Partnership of BirdLife International**

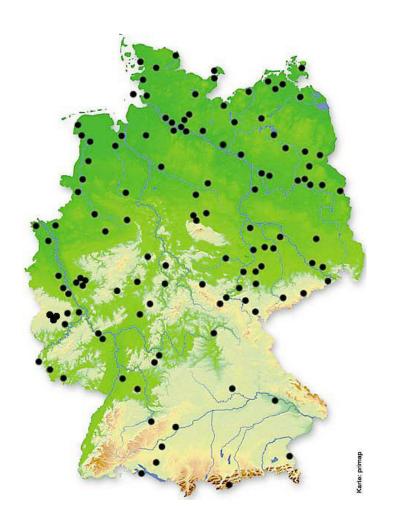
- 48 countries
- Based in Brussels
- 4.100 staff in Europe
- 2 million members
- Tens of thousands of skilled volunteers
- Owns or manages more than 5800 sites totalling 320,000 hectares
- Work mainly on EU Policy related to safeguarding environment and biodiversity







### NABU's work...



- Care for more than 5,000 NABU nature reserves nationwide
- Local groups manage more than 110,000 ha of land
- NABU an important NGO in nature conservation and management in Germany

## **Marine Programme**

- Projects testing alternative fishing methods to reduce bycatch
- Identification and management of MPAs
- Eliminating marine litter





# Marine litter... ...a global problem!

- 10 million tons of litter end up in our oceans every year (~75 % plastic)
- 18.000 plastic particles/km² surface area
- "Tip of the iceberg": 70 % of the litter remain on the bottom
- Ecological, aesthetical and socioeconomical problems
- UNEP: costs of 13 billion \$/year (tourism, fishery, environmental protection)











### Main sources

### Entry from land (~ 80 %)

- Urban wastewater, waste dumps
- Tourism, leisure activities
- Illegal removal of waste

### **Shipping industry**

 Ships still illegally dump their waste into the oceans despite international laws

### Fishing industry

Lost fishery equipment

### **Offshore industry**

- Aquaculture facilities
- Oil and gas platforms











# NABU-Project – "Seas without Plastics"

### Aims and objectives:

- Prevention of marine litter
- Improving resource efficiency and durability of products
- Promoting reuse, waste separation and recycling
- Public outreach and education











# NABU-Project – "Seas without Plastics" cont.

#### **Activities:**

- Aims to develop regional strategies to address marine litter
- Coastal cleanup activities & beach litter monitoring
- Public relations and environmental education
- (Inter)national working groups
- Fishing for Litter pilot project in Germany













## **An Integrated Approach**

- From fishers to conservationists...
- A common goal: clean and productive seas
- Regional stakeholder involvement & joint project activities
- Voluntary scheme according to the KIMO approach
- The idea behind: as easy as it is effective
- Three-chaneled approach: cleaning local environmental improvement; awareness raising; data gathering













## The Fishing for Litter Initiative

- Recovering litter free of charge for the fishers
- Big bags, containers and coordination
- NO extra trips and NO financial compensation → "Litter-Bycatch"
- Launch: May 2011 with 2 harbours and 12 fishers in S-H
- Today: 12 harbours and > 140 fishers involved
- Monitoring for the EU-Marine Strategy Framework Directive and of OSPAR and HELCOM Regional Action Plans













## **Litter Analysis**

- All litter collected will be analysed
- Learn about composition and amount of marine litter
- Investigate recyclability of selected material groups (Chemical quality analysis of plastics)
- Identify sources and origin of items in order to develop and support effective measures













## Litter Analysis cont.

### **Results (2015):**

- Approx. 15 t recovered
- Approx. 75 % plastic
- Sources: shipping, fisheries, offshore industry, tourism, ...

















### **Conclusions & future outlook**

- Objective: area-wide system: approx. 20 harbours GER
- EMFF funds "just" for logistics, NO additional income
   (So far, financial support by federal states)
- Voluntary schemes do work: UK, NL, B, SWE, GER, ESP
- Link to CFP: help fishers develop environmentallysound practices
- Ecological footprint (gear types, by-catch, CO<sub>2</sub>-emissions)
- Evaluate efficiency and economic gain
- Analyse if one scheme fits all















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